

PSY-PGx – A New Intervention for Implementation of Pharmacogenetics in Psychiatry: Progress and Challenges

Monika Budde^{1,*}, Urs Heilbronner^{1,*}, Allan H. Young², Mario Juruena², Natalia E. Fares-Otero³, Esther Jiménez³, Eduard Vieta³, Martien J. Kas⁴, Marin Jukic^{5,6}, Markus Nöthen⁷, Alexandra Philipsen⁸, Laura L. Kilarski⁸, Jaakko Kaprio⁹, Magnus Ingelman-Sundberg⁶, Moritz J. Rossner¹⁰, Sven P. Wichert¹⁰, Ramona Moldovan^{11,12,13}, Emma de Brabander¹⁴, Thérèse van Amelsvoort¹⁴, Noam Shomron¹⁵, Thomas G. Schulze^{16,17}, Roger Man King Ng¹⁷, Nigel Olisa¹⁸, Erik Van der Eycken¹⁸, Teuntje Pelgrim¹⁹, Kristian Kleine Schaars¹⁹ and Roos van Westrhenen^{19,2,14}

¹Institute of Psychiatric Phenomics and Genomics (IPPG), LMU University Hospital, LMU Munich, Germany

²Institute of Psychiatry, Psychology & Neuroscience, King's College London, United Kingdom

³Bipolar and Depressive Disorders Unit, Department of Psychiatry and Psychology, Hospital Clinic, Institute of Neurosciences (UBNeuro), IDIBAPS, CIBERSAM, University of Barcelona, Catalonia, Spain

⁴Groningen Institute for Evolutionary Life Sciences, Faculty of Science & Engineering, University of Groningen, the Netherlands

⁵Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Belgrade, Serbia

⁶Department of Physiology & Pharmacology, Karolinska Institute, Sweden

⁷Institute of Human Genetics, Universitätsklinikum Bonn, Germany

⁸Department of Psychiatry and Psychotherapy, University of Bonn, Germany

⁹Institute for Molecular Medicine Finland FIMM, University of Helsinki, Finland

¹⁰SystasyBioscience GmbH, Germany

¹¹Department of Psychology, Babes-Bolyai University, Romania

¹²Division of Evolution and Genomic Sciences, University of Manchester, United Kingdom

¹³Manchester Centre for Genomic Medicine, Manchester University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust, United Kingdom

¹⁴School for Mental Health and Neuroscience, Department of Psychiatry and Neuropsychology, Maastricht University Medical Centre, the Netherlands

¹⁵Faculty of Medicine, Tel Aviv University, Israel

¹⁶Department of Psychiatry, SUNY Upstate Medical University, USA

¹⁷World Psychiatric Association

¹⁸Global Alliance of Mental Illness Advocacy Networks-Europe (GAMIAN-Europe)

¹⁹Department of Psychiatry, Parnassia Groep BV, the Netherlands

*Contributed equally

Background

- Genetic heterogeneity is one of the reasons for high variability in response to psychopharmacological treatment as well as adverse effects of it
- Pharmacogenetic testing on genes encoding drug-metabolizing enzymes might facilitate the dosing process
- PSY-PGx Consortium (www.psy-pgx.org) funded by European Union's Horizon 2020 Program
- First non-industry sponsored multi-center large scale randomized clinical study
- Start of Funding: March 2021

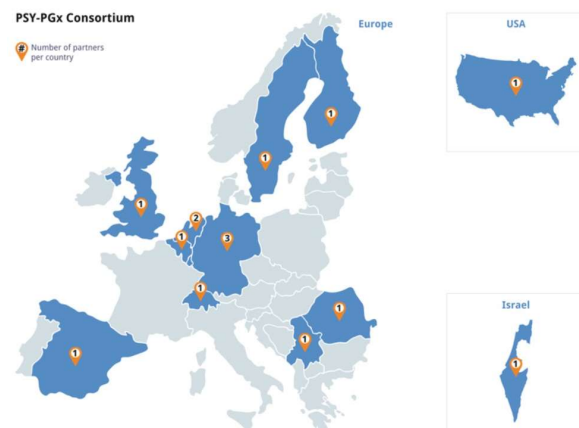


Figure 1. The International PSY-PGx Consortium

Aims

- Identify real-world **relationships** between **pharmacogenetic data** and **clinical outcome** in patients by assessing the Finnish and UK biobanks
- Clinical study to **compare** outcome between **individualized pharmacotherapy** and **treatment as usual**
- Collect further **phenotypic data** that might have **effects** on **medication response**
- Machine learning to **refine** the **prescription algorithm**
- Establish a **PSY-PGx DNA biobank** and a **cellular biobank** for a pharmacogenetic research infrastructure

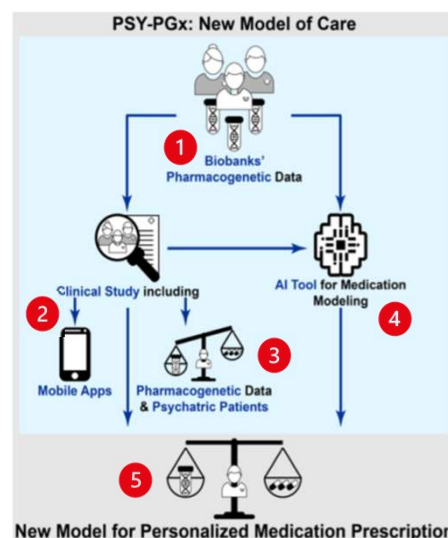


Figure 2. PSY-PGx Work Program

Main Achievements

Biobank Assessment

- Proposals were formulated, submitted and approved by the Finnish and UK biobanks
- Legal agreements to transfer data are being finalized

Clinical Study

- Successful pilot genotyping in Bonn
- Protocol of clinical study finalized, submitted to 5 out of 9 sites and approved
- IT Infrastructure works as intended

Main Challenges

Biobank Assessment

- Lengthy process to obtain biobank data

Clinical Study

- Different regulations in different countries, even within the EU, regarding classification as Clinical Study vs. Clinical Trial, EU Centralized Procedure installed, large effects on costs and time
- Legal agreements time-consuming (Consortium Agreement, Data Transfer Agreements, Material Transfer Agreements, Clinical Trial Agreements)
- US site needs to be compliant with EU data protection regulations

Conclusion and Outlook

- Conducting a multi-center, international pharmacogenetic Clinical Study is challenging due to different legal frameworks
- Current focus is on recruitment and obtaining biobank data
- Further progress of the project to be presented